

2-categories, 2-representations and their applications

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TRIANGULATIONS AND MUTATIONS**

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Conclusion 1: $(y \circ_0 y') \circ_1 (x \circ_0 x') = yy'xx'$.

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Conclusion 2: $(y \circ_1 x) \circ_0 (y' \circ_1 x') = yxy'x'$.

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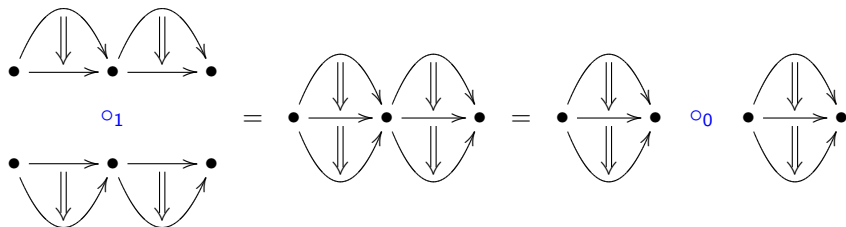
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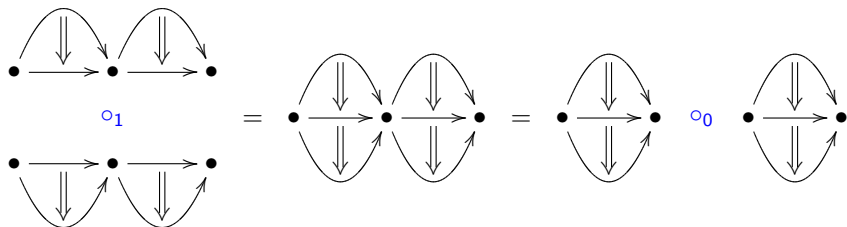
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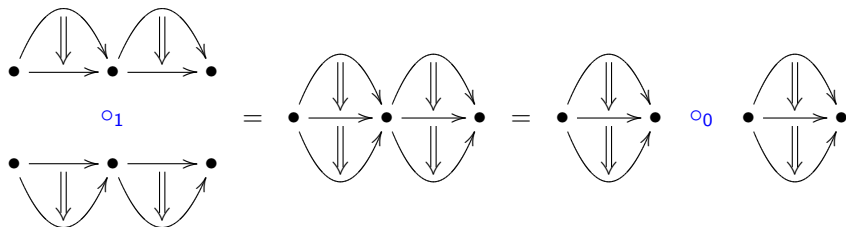
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In our case: $yx y' x' = y y' x x' \quad \forall x, y, x', y' \in X$

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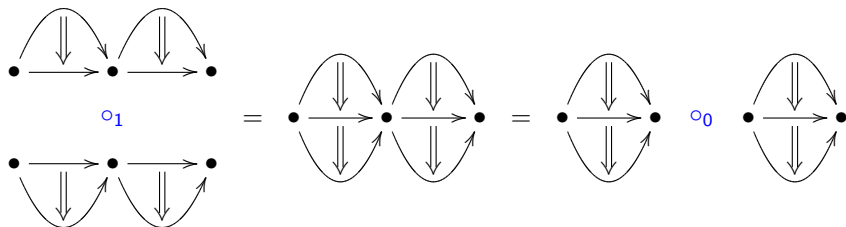
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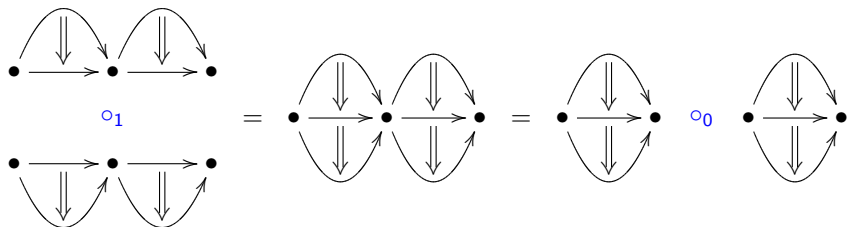


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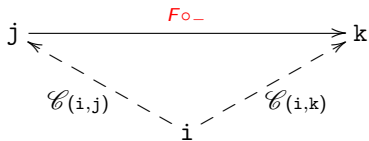
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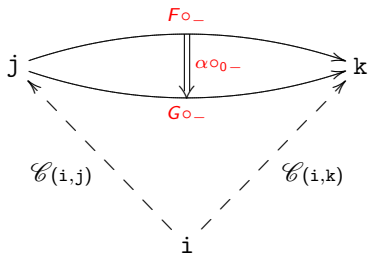
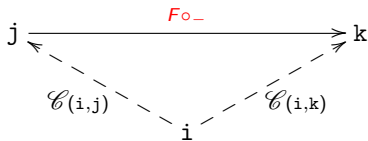
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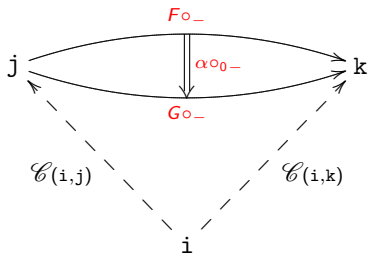
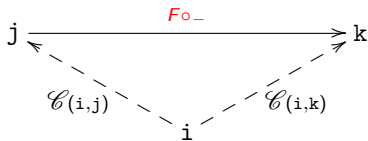
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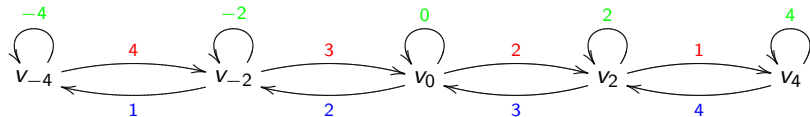
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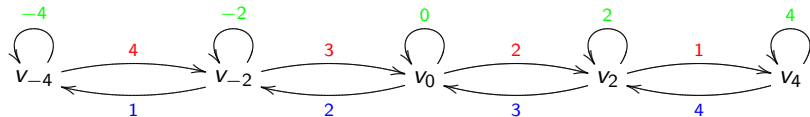
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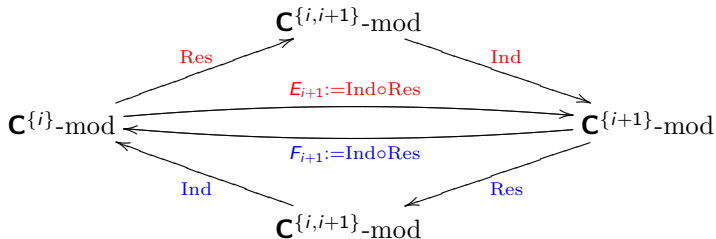
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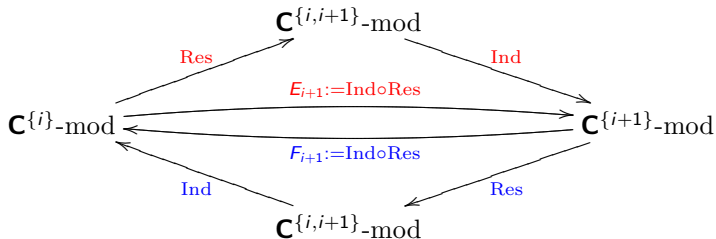
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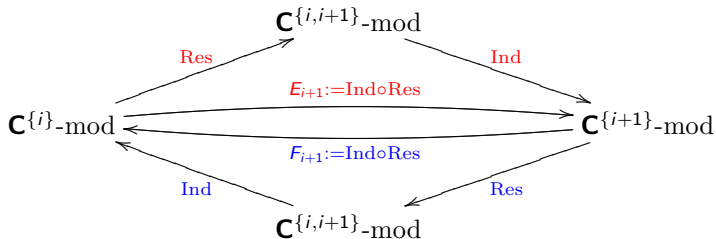


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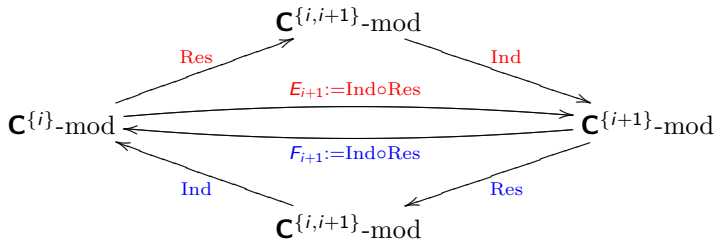
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$$X_0 \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{E_1} \\ \xleftarrow{F_1} \end{array} X_1 \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{E_2} \\ \xleftarrow{F_2} \end{array} \cdots \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{E_{n-1}} \\ \xleftarrow{F_{n-1}} \end{array} X_{n-1} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{E_n} \\ \xleftarrow{F_n} \end{array} X_n$$

$[X_i]$ — the Grothendieck group of X_i (basis of classes of simple modules)

$$[X_0] \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{[E_1]=n} \\ \xleftarrow{[F_1]=1} \end{array} [X_1] \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{[E_2]=n-1} \\ \xleftarrow{[F_2]=2} \end{array} \cdots \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{[E_{n-1}]=2} \\ \xleftarrow{[F_{n-1}]=n-1} \end{array} [X_{n-1}] \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{[E_n]=1} \\ \xleftarrow{[F_n]=n} \end{array} [X_n]$$

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\mathfrak{sl}_2 -categorification: results and applications

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Applications in topology

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