Uppsala universitet Matematiska institutionen Ernst Dieterich

> Prov i matematik Algebraiska strukturer 2008-08-19

Skrivtid: 8.00-13.00. Inga hjälpmedel förutom skrivdon. Lösningarna skall åtföljas av förklarande text! Varje uppgift ger maximalt 5 poäng.

1. (a) Define Klein's four-group  $V_4$  and the symmetric group  $S_3$  respectively.

(b) Show that the groups  $Aut(V_4)$  and  $S_3$  are isomorphic.

2. Classify all abelian groups of order 1080.

3. (a) Reproduce the statements of the three Sylow theorems.

(b) Show that every group of order 56 has a nontrivial proper normal subgroup.

4. A ring is called *simple* if it has precisely two two-sided ideals. Decide for each of the following rings R whether they are simple or not, and prove your statements.

(a)  $R = \{0\}$ ;

(b) 
$$R = \mathbb{Z}$$
;

(c)  $R = K^{n \times n}$ , where K is a field and  $n \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{0\}$ .

5. Let R be a commutative ring.

(a) Show that for each  $r \in R$ , the substitution map

 $\sigma_{X+r}: R[X] \to R[X], \ \sigma_{X+r}(a(X)) = a(X+r)$ 

is an automorphism of the polynomial ring R[X].

(b) Exhibit a subgroup  $H < \operatorname{Aut}(R[X])$ , together with a group isomorphism  $\gamma: (R, +) \xrightarrow{\sim} H$ .

PLEASE TURN OVER!

6. (a) Reproduce the definition of the notion "domain".

(b) Reproduce the definition of the notion "field of fractions of a domain".

(c) Show that the ring of Gaussian integers  $\mathbb{Z}[i] = \{a+bi \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}$  is a domain.

(d) Show that the field of fractions of  $\mathbb{Z}[i]$  is isomorphic to the ring of Gaussian numbers  $\mathbb{Q}[i] = \{u + vi \mid u, v \in \mathbb{Q}\}.$ 

7. Find the addition table and the multiplication table of a field of order 9.

8. Let  $E = \mathbb{Q}(\zeta)$ , where  $\zeta = e^{\frac{2\pi}{17}i}$ .

(a) Explain why  $\mathbb{Q} \subset E$  is a finite Galois extension.

(b) Determine  $\operatorname{Gal}(E/\mathbb{Q})$ , up to isomorphism.

(c) Describe all subgroups of  $\operatorname{Gal}(E/\mathbb{Q})$ , ordered by inclusion.

(d) Describe all intermediate fields  $\mathbb{Q} \subset F \subset E$ , ordered by inclusion.

LYCKA TILL!