

Analytic Number Theory

Time: 14.00 – 19.00. No tools are allowed except paper and pen.

1. Define the Jacobi Theta Function $\Theta(z | \tau)$ which we studied in the course. (5p)

2. State the defining formula of the Dirichlet L -function $L(s, \chi)$ as a Dirichlet series, and also the Euler product formula for $L(s, \chi)$. Outline a proof of the fact that the two expressions are equal. (You may work formally and do not need to discuss convergence.) (5p)

3. Define the Γ -function, and explain how this function provides a meromorphic continuation to all \mathbb{C} of the arithmetic function $n \mapsto n!$. (5p)

4. Determine (with proof) whether the two integral binary quadratic forms $x^2 + y^2$ and $2x^2 - 2xy + y^2$ are equivalent or not. (5p)

5. Outline a proof of the prime number theorem.

(Note: You do not need to prove anything, instead merely describe the main steps of a proof.) (10p)

6. State Rényi's large sieve bound (that is, a certain bound on the cardinality of a set of integers, when we assume that this set is contained in a certain interval, and satisfies certain congruence conditions), and describe the main steps in a proof of this result. (10p)

LYCKA TILL / GOOD LUCK!