

# Formelsamling till kursen i Transformmetoder

## Z-transformen

$a = (a_n)_0^\infty$	$A(z) = \mathcal{Z}[a](z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n z^{-n}$
<b>Allmänna regler</b>	
$\alpha a_n + \beta b_n$	$\alpha A(z) + \beta B(z)$
$\lambda^n a_n$	$A\left(\frac{z}{\lambda}\right)$
$a_{n-k}, \quad \text{där } k \geq 1 \text{ och}$ $a_{-1} = \dots = a_{-k} = 0$	$z^{-k} A(z)$
$a_{n+k}, \quad \text{där } k \geq 1$	$z^k A(z) - a_0 z^k - a_1 z^{k-1} - \dots - a_{k-1} z$
$na_n$	$-z A'(z)$
$(a * b)_n = \sum_{k=0}^n a_k b_{n-k}$	$A(z)B(z)$
<b>Speciella transformer</b>	
$1$	$1$
$\lambda^n$	$\frac{z}{z - \lambda}$
$n$	$\frac{z}{(z - 1)^2}$
$n\lambda^n$	$\frac{\lambda z}{(z - \lambda)^2}$
$n^2$	$\frac{z^2 + z}{(z - 1)^3}$
$\binom{n}{k} \lambda^{n-k}$	$\frac{z}{(z - \lambda)^{k+1}}$
$\cos \alpha n$	$\frac{z^2 - z \cos \alpha}{z^2 - 2z \cos \alpha + 1}$
$\sin \alpha n$	$\frac{z \sin \alpha}{z^2 - 2z \cos \alpha + 1}$

## Laplace transformen

$f(t)$	$\tilde{f}(s) = F(s) = \mathcal{L}[f](s) = \int_0^\infty f(t)e^{-st} dt$
<b>Allmänna regler</b>	
$\alpha f(t) + \beta g(t)$	$\alpha F(s) + \beta G(s)$
$e^{at} f(t)$	$F(s - a)$
$f(at), \quad a > 0$	$\frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$
$f(t - a)H(t - a), \quad a > 0$	$e^{-as} F(s)$
$t^n f(t)$	$(-1)^n F^{(n)}(s)$
$f'(t)$	$sF(s) - f(0)$
$f^{(n)}(t)$	$s^n F(s) - s^{n-1} f(0) - s^{n-2} f'(0) - \dots - f^{(n-1)}(0)$
$\int_0^t f(u) du$	$s^{-1} F(s)$
$f * g(t) = \int_0^t f(u)g(t-u) du$	$F(s)G(s)$
<b>Speciella funktioner</b>	
$\delta(t)$	1
$H(t)$	$\frac{1}{s}$
$t^n, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$
$e^{at}$	$\frac{1}{s-a}$
$t^n e^{at}$	$\frac{n!}{(s-a)^{n+1}}$
$\cos at$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + a^2}$
$\sin at$	$\frac{a}{s^2 + a^2}$
$t \cos at$	$\frac{s^2 - a^2}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}$
$t \sin at$	$\frac{2as}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}$

## Fouriertransformaten

$f(t)$	$\hat{f}(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)e^{-i\omega t} dt$
<b>Allmänna regler</b>	
$\alpha f(t) + \beta g(t)$	$\alpha \hat{f}(\omega) + \beta \hat{g}(\omega)$
$e^{i\alpha t} f(t)$	$\hat{f}(\omega - \alpha)$
$f(t - t_0)$	$e^{-it_0\omega} \hat{f}(\omega)$
$f(-t)$	$\hat{f}(-\omega)$
$f(at) \quad (a \neq 0)$	$\frac{1}{ a } \hat{f}\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right)$
$tf(t)$	$i \frac{d\hat{f}}{d\omega}$
$f'(t)$	$i\omega \hat{f}(\omega)$
$\hat{f}(t)$	$2\pi f(-\omega)$
$f * g(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(u)g(t-u) du$	$\hat{f}(\omega)\hat{g}(\omega)$
<b>Speciella funktioner</b>	
$\chi_{[-a,a]}$	$\frac{2 \sin a\omega}{\omega}$
$e^{- t }$	$\frac{2}{1 + \omega^2}$
$\frac{1}{1 + t^2}$	$\pi e^{- \omega }$
$e^{-t^2/2}$	$\sqrt{2\pi} e^{-\omega^2/2}$

Plancherels formler:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(t)|^2 dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |\hat{f}(\omega)|^2 d\omega$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) \overline{g(t)} dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{f}(\omega) \overline{\hat{g}(\omega)} d\omega$$

## Fourierserier

### Funktioner med period $2\pi$

$$f(t) \sim \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n e^{int} = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nt + b_n \sin nt),$$

där

$$\begin{aligned} c_n &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(t) e^{-int} dt \\ a_n &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(t) \cos nt dt, \quad b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(t) \sin nt dt \\ a_n &= c_n + c_{-n}, \quad b_n = i(c_n - c_{-n}) \end{aligned}$$

Parsevals formel:

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |f(t)|^2 dt = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |c_n|^2 = \frac{|a_0|^2}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (|a_n|^2 + |b_n|^2).$$

### Funktioner med period $T$

Sätt  $\Omega = 2\pi/T$

$$f(t) \sim \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n e^{in\Omega t} = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos n\Omega t + b_n \sin n\Omega t),$$

där

$$\begin{aligned} c_n &= \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) e^{-in\Omega t} dt \\ a_n &= \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) \cos n\Omega t dt, \quad b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) \sin n\Omega t dt. \end{aligned}$$

Parsevals formel:

$$\frac{1}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} |f(t)|^2 dt = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |c_n|^2 = \frac{|a_0|^2}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (|a_n|^2 + |b_n|^2).$$

### Några trigonometriska formler

$$2 \sin a \sin b = \cos(a - b) - \cos(a + b)$$

$$2 \sin a \cos b = \sin(a - b) + \sin(a + b)$$

$$2 \cos a \cos b = \cos(a - b) + \cos(a + b)$$

$$2 \sin^2 t = 1 - \cos 2t, \quad 2 \cos^2 t = 1 + \cos 2t$$